Given a picture consisting of black and white pixels, find the number of **black** lonely pixels.

The picture is represented by a 2D char array consisting of 'B' and 'W', which means black and white pixels respectively.

A black lonely pixel is character 'B' that located at a specific position where the same row and same column don't have any other black pixels.

**Example:**

**Input:**

[['W', 'W', 'B'],

['W', 'B', 'W'],

['B', 'W', 'W']]

**Output:** 3

**Explanation:** All the three 'B's are black lonely pixels.

**Note:**

1. The range of width and height of the input 2D array is [1,500].